

28.—Households, Classified According to Number of Rooms per Household, by Provinces, 1941

Province	Households by Number of Rooms										Total ¹
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+	
P.E. Island.....	190	799	1,064	1,903	2,494	3,694	3,555	3,260	1,693	1,638	20,432
Nova Scotia.....	2,248	7,441	11,272	16,841	17,615	24,160	19,719	15,286	6,721	6,190	128,641
New Brunswick....	2,146	6,265	8,128	12,056	13,196	16,465	13,207	11,258	5,097	5,907	94,599
Quebec.....	15,634	33,719	68,564	133,249	118,413	112,565	71,690	52,110	22,860	29,094	663,426
Ontario.....	22,738	52,551	100,982	121,683	153,462	238,812	124,746	80,884	36,339	38,365	969,287
Manitoba.....	12,738	23,427	28,037	30,960	30,723	24,139	12,372	7,059	3,040	2,971	176,942
Saskatchewan.....	16,678	32,088	34,356	41,618	34,241	25,438	13,492	8,076	3,047	3,016	214,939
Alberta.....	19,632	31,115	30,524	39,639	32,443	23,080	11,338	6,680	2,235	2,287	201,796
British Columbia..	19,431	24,841	31,091	54,768	43,432	30,317	15,379	7,651	2,643	3,458	236,047
Canada.....	111,435	212,246	314,018	452,717	446,019	488,670	285,498	192,264	83,675	92,926	2,706,089

¹ Includes households with number of rooms not stated.

Urban Households.—Two- and three-person households were more numerous in urban than in rural areas in 1941. It will be noted from Table 29 that households of from one to five persons per household were more numerous in Ontario than in Quebec, while households of six persons and upward were more numerous in Quebec than in Ontario.

Table 30 shows the number of households in urban centres falling below the level of one person per room and thus gives some idea of the extent of over-crowding in these centres at the time of the Census.

Table 31 shows the number of urban households in Canada living in owned homes according to the estimated current value of the home at the 1941 Census. Over one-third of these homes were valued at between \$2,000 and \$4,000, while only about 15 p.c. were valued at \$5,000 or more.

In Table 32 urban households living in rented homes are classified according to rent paid during the month of May, 1941. Over one-third of the urban tenant households paid from \$10 to \$19 rent, while over one-quarter paid from \$20 and \$29 rent in that month. It is interesting to note that in urban Quebec where apartment dwellings are more common than in other provinces, households living in rented homes were approximately three times as numerous as those living in owned homes.

Data similar to that appearing in Tables 30 and 32 for cities of 30,000 or over will be found in Bulletin HF-3 of the 1941 Census.

29.—Urban Households, Classified According to Number of Persons per Household, by Provinces, 1941

Province	Households by Number of Persons per Household										Total ¹
	1	2	3	4	5	6-7	8-9	10-14	15+		
P.E. Island.....	257	914	904	832	630	840	419	243	16	5,055	
Nova Scotia.....	2,783	10,008	11,059	10,128	7,845	9,238	4,224	2,288	139	57,712	
New Brunswick....	1,584	6,046	6,611	5,434	4,160	4,740	2,038	1,143	72	31,828	
Quebec.....	17,025	80,593	84,181	74,246	57,075	69,971	33,219	21,817	1,570	439,697	
Ontario.....	37,355	141,021	136,770	112,910	73,121	66,122	20,397	9,096	761	597,553	
Manitoba.....	5,840	19,671	19,359	16,051	10,215	8,589	2,407	971	118	83,221	
Saskatchewan.....	8,148	16,818	15,873	13,781	9,101	8,399	2,570	1,130	77	75,897	
Alberta.....	8,674	18,678	18,403	15,095	9,681	8,126	2,145	864	115	81,779	
British Columbia..	15,680	34,385	29,035	22,323	12,698	9,219	2,214	935	329	126,868	
Canada.....	97,346	328,132	322,195	270,800	184,526	185,244	69,633	38,537	3,197	1,499,610	

¹ Does not include 21,803 households with tenure and rooms per household not stated.